

<b>FORM N-814</b> (REV. 1997)	<b>Parent's Election to Report Child's Interest and Dividends</b> ➤ See Instructions below and on back. ➤ Attach to Parent's Form N-11, Form N-12, or Form N-15	<b>1997</b>
Name(s) as shown on parent's return		Your social security number
Child's name (first, initial, and last)		Child's social security number

**Caution:** If more than one Form N-814 is attached, check here ➤ ☐

## Step 1

### Figure amount of child's interest and dividend income to report on your return

<b>1 a</b> Enter your child's <b>taxable</b> interest income. If this amount is different than the amounts shown on the child's federal Forms 1099-INT and 1099-OID, see the Instructions .....	1a		
<b>b</b> Enter your child's <b>tax-exempt</b> interest income. <b>DO NOT</b> include this amount on line 1a .....	1b		
<b>2 a</b> Enter your child's gross dividends (including any Alaska Permanent Fund dividends). If none, enter zero on line 2c and go to line 3. If your child received any capital gain distributions or dividends as a nominee, see the Instructions .....	2a		
<b>b</b> Enter your child's nontaxable distributions (from federal Form 1099-DIV, Box 1d) that are included on line 2a .....	2b		
<b>c</b> Line 2a minus line 2b. Enter the result .....	2c		
<b>3</b> Add lines 1a and 2c. Enter the total. If the total is \$1,000 or less, skip lines 4 and 5 and go to line 6. If the total is \$5,000 or more, <b>do not</b> file this form. Your child <b>MUST</b> file his or her own return to report the income .....	3		
<b>4</b> Base amount .....	4	1,000	00
<b>5</b> Line 3 minus line 4. Enter the result. (If filing more than one Form N-814 or if line 2a includes any capital gain distributions, see the Instructions.) Also, include this amount in the total on Form N-11, line 10 (if not already included on Form N-11, line 7), on Form N-12, line 18, or on Form N-15, line 19. In the space provided on line 18, Form N-12 or on line 19, Form N-15, write "Form N-814" and show the amount. Go on to line 6 below. ....	5		

## Step 2

### Figure your tax on the first \$1,000 of child's interest and dividend income

<b>6</b> Amount not taxed .....	6	500	00
<b>7</b> Line 3 minus line 6. Enter the result. If less than zero, enter zero .....	7		
<b>8</b> Tax • If the amount on line 7 is \$500 or more, enter \$10.00 here. (Also, see the <b>Note</b> below for where to enter it on your tax return.) • If the amount on line 7 is less than \$500, multiply the amount on line 7 by 2% (.02). Enter the result here. (Also, see the <b>Note</b> below for where to enter it on your tax return.)	8		
<b>Note:</b> Add the amount from line 8 to any tax you enter on your Form N-11, line 26, Form N-12, line 38, or Form N-15, line 39. Make sure to check the box noting that a tax from Form N-814 is included on line 26, Form N-11, line 38, Form N-12, or line 39, Form N-15. (If filing more than one Form N-814, see the Instructions.)			

## General Instructions

**Purpose of Form.**—Use this form if you are a parent and choose to report the income of your child on your return. If you do, the child will not have to file a return. You can make this election if your child meets **all** of the following conditions:

- Was under age 14 on January 1, 1998.
- Is required to file a 1997 return.
- Had income only from interest and dividends (including Alaska Permanent Fund dividends).

- Had gross income for 1997 that was more than \$500 but less than \$5,000.
- Had no estimated tax payments for 1997.
- Did not have any overpayment of tax shown on his or her 1996 return applied to the 1997 return.
- Had no Federal income tax withheld from his or her income (backup withholding).

The parent(s) must also qualify as explained on page 2 of these instructions.

**Step 1** is used to figure the amount of the child's income to report on the parent's return.

**Step 2** is used to figure an additional tax that must be added to your tax.

**How To Make the Election.**—To make the election, complete and attach Form N-814 to your tax return and file your return by the due date (including extensions). A separate Form N-814 must be filed for **each** child whose income the parent chooses to report.

**Caution:** The income tax on your child's income may be less if you file a tax return for the child instead of making this election. This is because you cannot take certain deductions that your child would be entitled to on his or her own return. For details see **Deductions You May Not Take** on page 2.

**Parents Who Qualify To Make the Election.**

—You qualify to make this election if you file Form N-11, N-12, or N-15 and any of the following apply:

- You are filing a joint return for 1997 with the child's other parent.
- You and the child's other parent were married to each other but file separate returns for 1997 AND you had the **higher** taxable income. (If you do not know if you had the higher taxable income, get federal Publication 929, Tax Rules for Children and Dependents.)
- You were unmarried, treated as unmarried for income tax purposes, or separated from the child's other parent by a divorce or separate maintenance decree. You must have had custody of your child for most of the year (you were the custodial parent). If you were the custodial parent and you remarried, you may make the election on a joint return with your new spouse. But if you and your new spouse (your child's step-parent) do not file a joint return, you qualify to make the election only if you had **higher** taxable income than your new spouse.

**Note:** *If you and the child's other parent were not married but you lived together during the year with the child, you qualify to make the election only if you are the parent with the higher taxable income.*

**Deductions You May Not Take.**—If you elect to report your child's income on your return, you may not reduce that income by any of the following deductions that your child would be entitled to on his or her own return.

- Standard deduction of \$500.
- Penalty on early withdrawal of child's savings.
- Itemized deductions (such as child's investment expenses or charitable contributions).

If any of the above applies to your child, first figure the tax on your child's income as if he or she is filing a return. Next, figure the tax as if you are electing to report your child's income on **your** return. Then, compare the two methods to determine which results in the lower tax.

**Investment Interest Expense.** —Your child's income (excluding Alaska Permanent Fund

dividends and capital gain distributions) that you report on your return is considered to be **your** investment income for purposes of figuring your investment interest expense deduction. If your child received Alaska Permanent Fund dividends or capital gain distributions, get federal Publication 550, Investment Income and Expenses, to figure the amount you may treat as your investment income.

**Internet Address.** —Tax forms are available on the Internet. The Department of Taxation's site on the Internet is:

<http://www.hawaii.gov/tax/tax.html>

**Additional Information.**—For more information, see federal Publication 929.

## Line-by-Line Instructions

### Parent's Name and Social Security

**Number.**—Enter the name(s) shown on your return. If filing a joint return, enter the social security number of the person whose name is shown first on the return. If you are an alien and was issued an individual taxpayer identification number (ITIN) by the IRS, enter your ITIN.

**Line 1a.** Enter **ALL** taxable interest income received by your child in 1997. If your child received a federal **Form 1099-INT** for tax-exempt interest, such as from municipal bonds, write the amount and "Tax-exempt interest" on the dotted line next to line 1a. Be sure to include this interest on line 1b but **do not** include it in the total for line 1a.

If your child received, as a **nominee**, dividends that actually belong to another person, write the amount and "ND" (for nominee distribution) on the dotted line next to line 1a. **Do not** include amounts received as a nominee in the total for line 1a.

If your child had accrued interest that was paid to the seller of a bond, amortizable bond premium (ABP) allowed as a reduction to interest income, or if any original issue discount (OID) included on line 1a is less than the amount shown on your child's federal **Form 1099-OID**, follow the instructions above for nominee interest to see how to report the nontaxable amounts. But, on the dotted line next to line 1a, write the nontaxable amount and "Accrued interest," "ABP adjustment," or "OID adjustment," whichever applies. **Do not** include any nontaxable amounts in the total for line 1a.

**Line 1b.** If your child received any tax-exempt interest income, such as interest on certain state and municipal bonds, enter the total

tax-exempt interest on line 1b. Also include any exempt-interest dividends your child received as a shareholder in a mutual fund or other regulated investment company. **Do not** include this interest on lines 1a or 3.

**Line 2a.** Enter gross dividends received by your child in 1997, including capital gain distributions and nontaxable distributions. Federal **Form 1099-DIV** shows gross dividends in Box 1a. Also, include dividends your child received through a partnership, an S corporation, or an estate or trust.

If line 2a includes any **capital gain distributions** (from federal Form 1099-DIV, Box 1c), see the line 5 instructions that follow.

If your child received, as a **nominee**, dividends that actually belong to another person, write the amount and "ND" (for nominee distribution) on the dotted line next to line 2a. **Do not** include amounts received as a nominee in the total for line 2a.

**Line 5.** If you are filing more than one Form N-814, add the amounts from line 5 of **ALL** Forms N-814 and include the total on Form N-11, line 10 (if not already included on Form N-11, line 7), on Form N-12, line 18, or on Form N-15, line 19. Be sure to write "Form N-814" and show the total of the line 5 amounts in this space provided on line 18, Form N-12 or on line 19, Form N-15.

If line 2a includes any **capital gain distributions** and you are completing the Capital Gain/Loss Worksheet in the Instructions for Form N-12 or Form N-15, part or all of your child's capital gain distributions should be reported on your Capital Gain/Loss Worksheet instead of on Form N-814, line 5. Before you enter an amount on line 5, see federal Publication 929 for details on how to figure the amount to report on your Capital Gain/Loss Worksheet.

**Line 8.** If you are filing more than one Form N-814, add the amounts from line 8 of **ALL** Forms N-814 and include the total on Form N-11, line 26, on Form N-12, line 38, or on Form N-15, line 39.

Make sure to check the box noting that a tax from Form N-814 is included on line 26, Form N-11, on line 38, Form N-12, or on line 39, Form N-15.